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What is claimed is:

1. An OFDM transmission apparatus comprising:

multiplier for multiplying same important

5 information used for communication control by at least two carrier frequency signals to generate an OFDM signal; and

transmitter for transmitting the generated OFDM signal.

- 2. The OFDM transmission apparatus according to claim 1, wherein said multiplier uses a carrier frequency signal of angular frequency 0 as the carrier frequency signal by which the important information is multiplied.
- 3. The OFDM transmission apparatus according to claim 1, wherein the important information is a specific packet signal.
 - 4. An OFDM reception apparatus comprising:

receiver for receiving an OFDM signal with same important information used for communication control multiplied by at least two carrier frequency signals;

extractor for extracting the important information from a reception signal; and

determiner for comparing the reception level of subcarriers by which important information is multiplied and determining, of the extracted important information, the important information carried by the subcarrier with the higher reception level as the important information

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of the reception signal.

5. The OFDM reception apparatus according to claim 4, wherein said receiver for receives an OFDM signal including a first subcarrier made up of important information multiplied by a carrier frequency signal of angular frequency 0 and a second subcarrier made up of the important information multiplied by a carrier frequency signal with an arbitrary angular frequency, and

the determiner for compares the reception level of the first subcarrier and that of the second subcarrier and determines, of the important information extracted by said extractor, the important information carried by the subcarrier with the higher reception level as the important information of the reception signal.

- 6. The OFDM reception apparatus according to claim 5, wherein said determiner comprises averager for averaging the reception level of the first subcarrier and the reception level of the second subcarrier.
- 7. The OFDM reception apparatus according to claim 5, wherein said determiner comprising:

first determiner for comparing/determining the reception level of the first subcarrier and the reception level of the second subcarrier; and

second determiner for determining whether the difference in the reception level between the first subcarrier and the second subcarrier is larger or smaller

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than a predetermined value,

wherein said determiner determines the important information carried by the second subcarrier as the important information carried by the subcarrier with the higher reception level, if the difference is smaller than the predetermined value.

- 8. The OFDM reception apparatus according to claim 5, wherein said determiner compares the determination error of the first subcarrier and the determination error of the second subcarrier and determines, of the important information extracted by the extractor, the important information carried by the subcarrier with the smaller determination error as the important information of the reception signal.
- 9. The OFDM reception apparatus according to claim5, wherein said extractor comprising:

DC offset detector for adding up reception signals of the first subcarrier subjected to Fourier transform processing for every unit time and averaging the reception signals for an arbitrary multiple of the unit time to detect a DC offset;

storer for successively storing the detected DC offset: and

subtractor for subtracting an arbitrary DC offset
read from said storer from the reception signal of the
first subcarrier before synchronization detection
processing.

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10. The OFDM reception apparatus according to claim 9, wherein said determiner comprises combiner for adding up the important information carried by the first subcarrier and the important information carried by the second subcarrier.

- 11. The OFDM reception apparatus according to claim 9, wherein said determiner comprises maximum-ratio combiner for carrying out weighting processing on the important information carried by the first subcarrier and the important information carried by the second subcarrier according to the reception level of each subcarrier and adding up the weighting-processed important information.
- 12. The OFDM reception apparatus according to claim
 15 4, wherein the important information is a specific packet signal.
 - 13. A communication terminal apparatus comprising an OFDM transmission apparatus, said OFDM transmission apparatus comprising:
- 20 multiplier for multiplying same important information used for communication control by at least two carrier frequency signals to generate an OFDM signal; and

transmitter for transmitting the generated OFDM 25 signal.

14. A communication terminal apparatus comprising an OFDM reception apparatus, said OFDM reception

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apparatus comprising:

receiver for receiving an OFDM signal with same important information used for communication control multiplied by at least two carrier frequency signals;

extractor for extracting the important information from a reception signal; and

determiner for comparing the reception level of subcarriers by which important information is multiplied and determining, of the extracted important information, the important information carried by the subcarrier with the higher reception level as the important information of the reception signal.

15. A base station apparatus comprising an OFDM transmission apparatus, said OFDM transmission apparatus comprising:

multiplier for multiplying same important information used for communication control by at least two carrier frequency signals to generate an OFDM signal; and

- 20 transmitter for transmitting the generated OFDM signal.
 - 16. A base station apparatus comprising an OFDM reception apparatus, said OFDM reception apparatus comprising:
- receiver for receiving an OFDM signal with same important information used for communication control multiplied by at least two carrier frequency signals;

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extractor for extracting the important information from a reception signal; and

determiner for comparing the reception level of subcarriers by which important information is multiplied and determining, of the extracted important information, the important information carried by the subcarrier with the higher reception level as the important information of the reception signal.

17. An OFDM transmission method comprising:

the multiplying step of multiplying same important information used for communication control by at least two carrier frequency signals to generate an OFDM signal; and

the transmitting step of transmitting the generated OFDM signal.

- 18. The OFDM transmission method according to claim 17, wherein said multiplying step uses a carrier frequency signal of angular frequency 0 as the carrier frequency signal by which the important information is multiplied.
- 19. The OFDM transmission method according to claim 17, wherein the important information is a specific packet signal.
 - 20. An OFDM reception method comprising:
- the receiving step of receiving an OFDM signal with same important information used for communication control multiplied by at least two carrier frequency

signals;

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the extracting step of extracting the important information from a reception signal; and

the determining step of comparing the reception level of subcarriers by which important information is multiplied and determining, of the extracted important information, the important information carried by the subcarrier with the higher reception level as the important information of the reception signal.

21. The OFDM reception method according to claim 20, wherein said receiving step receives an OFDM signal including a first subcarrier made up of important information multiplied by a carrier frequency signal of angular frequency 0 and a second subcarrier made up of the important information multiplied by a carrier frequency signal with an arbitrary angular frequency, and

said determining step compares the reception level of the first subcarrier and that of the second subcarrier and determines, of the important information extracted by said extractor, the important information carried by the subcarrier with the higher reception level as the important information of the reception signal.